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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/966,704	09/28/2001	Tetsujiro Kondo	450100-03501	6412
20999 FROMMER I	7590 09/21/2007 AWRENCE & HAUG		EXAMINER	
745 FIFTH AVENUE- 10TH FL.			SALTARELLI, DOMINIC D	
NEW YORK,	NY 10151		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
			2623	
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			09/21/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	•		
		09/966,704	KONDO ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Dominic D. Saltarelli	2623			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport Reply	pears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address			
WHI0 - Exte after - If NO - Failt Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Densions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 r SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may will apply and will expire SIX (6) M a, cause the application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 Ju	<u>uly 2007</u> .				
2a)	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.				
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under be	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)⊠ 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-17 and 19-24 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrated Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-17 and 19-24 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine The specification is objected to be specification in the specification is objected to be specification in the specification in the specification is objected to be specification in the specification in the specification is objected to be specification in the specification in the specification is objected to be specification in the specification in the specification in the specification is objected to be specification in the specification in the specification is objected to be specification in the s	epted or b) objected to drawing(s) be held in abey tion is required if the drawing.	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d)) .		
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) <u>□</u> a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea See the attached detailed Office action for a list	is have been received. is have been received in rity documents have been u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No en received in this National Stage			
Attachmer	• •	"□	0 (070 (40)			
2) Notion Notion Notion Notion	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	Paper N	v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application 			

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on April 20, 2007 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-17 and 19-24 have been considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-4, 7-10, 12, 17, and 21-24 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hennes (6,665,985, of record) in view of Deering et al. (6,956,576) [Deering].

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Regarding claims 1, 7, 8, 9, and 21-24, Hennes discloses an audience response determination apparatus for determining an audience response to displayed content (col. 6, lines 27-67), comprising:

overall state detection means for detecting the overall state of an audience (general audience detection means, col. 6, lines 45-49);

individual state detection means for detecting the individual states of the members of the audience (individual detection means, col. 6, lines 36-41);

auxiliary information means for supplying auxiliary information indicating the content currently displayed (in order to present a continuous series of images to viewers, the currently displayed content must be provided to and considered by the processor of the system, because the determination to be made is not for any of the available images, but for a specific subset of subsequent images which would logically proceed after the currently displayed content, col. 6, lines 41-45);

determination means for determining the audience response on the basis of the detected overall state of said audience and said supplied auxiliary information (col. 6, lines 49-52),

wherein said determination means for determining the audience response comprises an audience state determination unit for estimating whether the determined audience response is one of a predetermined number of types of responses (the pre-determined parameters to control the program being played

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is finite in nature, limiting the system to a predetermined number of types of responses that the system is capable of reacting to, col. 6, lines 49-64); and

control means for controlling the operation of said playback means based on the type of audience response determined by said determination means (col. 7, lines 1-13).

Hennes fails to disclose the individual state detection means also detects individual load conditions of the members of the audience.

In an analogous art, Deering discloses a content presentation system that reacts to monitored audience states, wherein a body position-sensing chair and pressure sensors are utilized to assist the system in determining the state of the audience (col. 6, lines 7-47).

It would have been obvious at the time to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the apparatus disclosed by Hennes to include detecting individual load conditions of the members of the audience, providing additional sources of input which allow for more accurate sensing of the state of the audience.

Regarding claims 2 and 10, Hennes and Deering disclose the apparatus and system of claims 1 and 7, wherein said overall state detection means takes an image of the entire audience and detects the overall bodily state of the audience based on the image taken (Deering discloses monitoring an audience using video cameras, col. 6, lines 36-37).

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Regarding claims 3 and 12 Hennes and Deering disclose the apparatus and system of claims 1 and 7, wherein said overall state detection means collects sounds uttered by the entire audience and detects the overall state of the audience based on the sounds collected (col. 6, lines 45-49).

Regarding claims 4 and 17, Hennes and Deering disclose the apparatus and system of claims 1 and 7, wherein the load condition detected by said individual state detection means is a load applied to each of the audience's seats (Deering's 'body position sensing chair', col. 6, lines 36-43).

5. Claims 5, 6, 19, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hennes and Deering as applied to claims 1 and 7 above, and further in view of Imagawa et al. (6,353,764) [Imagawa].

Regarding claims 5, 6, 19, and 20, Hennes and Deering disclose the apparatus and system of claims 1 and 7, but fails to disclose the load condition detected by individual state detection means is the stepping force of each member of said audience, including a first means for the left foot and a second means for the right foot.

In an analogous art, Imagawa discloses a system for controlling devices by monitoring the state of the audience that includes floor sensors which monitor the weight and walking patterns of members of the audience (col. 3, lines 32-40).

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It would have been obvious at the time to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the apparatus and system disclosed by Hennes and Deering to include sensor means for the feet of audience members (floor sensors), as taught by Imagawa, providing additional sources of input which allow for more accurate sensing of the state of the audience.

6. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hennes and Deering as applied to claim 10 above, and further in view of Lu et al. (5,771,307) [Lu].

Regarding claim 11, Hennes and Deering, disclose the system of claim 10, but fail to disclose reduction means for reducing the effect of video data played back by and output from said playback means, wherein said overall state detection means detects the overall bodily state of said audience by reducing the effect of said video data on said image of said audience.

In an analogous art, Lu teaches an audience monitoring system that uses cameras to detect the overall bodily state of an audience, and the effect of video data being output (and other sources of ambient radiation) is reduced so as to provide a clearer image from the cameras (col. 9, lines 1-20).

It would have been obvious at the time to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system disclosed by Hennes and Deering to include reduction means for reducing the effect of video data played back by and output from said playback means, wherein said overall state detection means detects the overall

bodily state of said audience by reducing the effect of said video data on said image of said audience, as taught by Lu, for the benefit of providing a clearer images from the overall state detection means.

7. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hennes and Deering as applied to claim 12 above, and further in view of Stevenson (5,255,326).

Regarding claim 13, Hennes and Deering disclose the system of claim 12, but fail to disclose reduction means for reducing the effect of sound data played back and output by said playback means, wherein overall state detection means detects the overall state of the audience by reducing the effect of said sound data on the collected sounds emitted by said audience.

In an analogous art, Stevenson discloses a system for controlling devices by monitoring the state of the audience that includes reduction means for reducing the effect of sound data played back and output by playback means, wherein detection means detects audio data from the audience by reducing the effect of said sound data on the collected sounds emitted by said audience (col. 3, lines 48-64).

It would have been obvious at the time to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system disclosed by Hennes and Deering to include reduction means for reducing the effect of sound data played back and output by playback means, wherein detection means detects audio data from the audience by reducing the effect of said sound data on the collected sounds emitted by said

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audience, as taught by Stevenson, for the benefit of clearly detecting only those sounds generated by the audience.

8. Claims 14 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hennes and Deering as applied to claim 12 above, and further in view of Alberts, Jr. (4,424,511) [Alberts].

Regarding claims 14 and 15, Hennes and Deering disclose the system of claim 12, but fail to disclose the overall state detection means detects the overall state of the audience by comparing the collected sounds with a reference sound level, including means for varying the reference level on the basis of the audience size.

In an analogous art, Alberts discloses a sound level monitoring system wherein the state of the zone being monitored is compared to a reference sound level in order to determine the volume of the sounds being monitored in that zone (col. 2, lines 52-60). This reference level is adjustable to fit the acoustical circumstances regarding the area being monitored (col. 2, lines 61-67). This provides a means to adjust the reference level on the basis of audience size, so that larger venues that hold larger audiences will have a difference reference level set than smaller areas which hold smaller audiences.

It would have been obvious at the time to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system of Hennes and Deering to include detecting the overall state of the audience by comparing collected sounds with a reference sound

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level, including means for varying the reference level on the basis of the audience size, as taught by Alberts, a useful indicator for judging audience reaction to content (Alberts, col. 1, lines 22-26).

9. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hennes and Deering as applied to claim 12 above, and further in view of King (3,600,516).

Regarding claim 16, Hennes and Deering disclose the system of claim 12, but fails to disclose a filter which passes a predetermined audio band, wherein said overall state determination means detects the overall state of the audience based on the sound passed through said filter.

In an analogous art, King teaching using bandpass filters to filter audio signals received from a microphone to limit the bandwidth of the input signal to a specific range in order to discriminate human voice signals within the detected sound (col. 1 line 73 - col. 2 line 29).

It would have been obvious at the time to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system disclosed by Hennes and Deering to include a filter which passes a predetermined audio band, as taught by King, for the benefit of discriminate human voice signals within the detected sound.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dominic D. Saltarelli whose telephone number is (571)

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272-7302. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 9:00am - 6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Miller can be reached on (571) 272-7353. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

DS

ANDRÉW Y. KOENIG PRIMARY PATENT EXAMINER